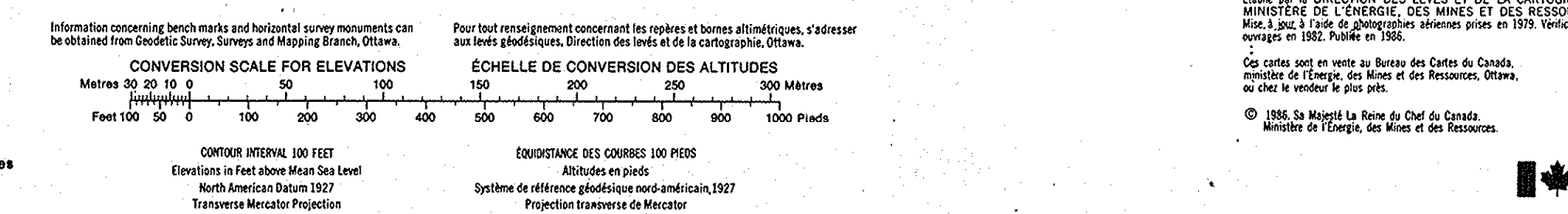


TETCHUCK LAKE
COAST LAND DISTRICT RANGE 4
BRITISH COLUMBIA COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE



1. Explanatory Notes

The Entiaiko River watershed is subject to conflicting land use pressures, especially from forestry and caribou habitat interests, and since 1983 the Ministry of Environment and Parks has been monitoring radio-collared caribou in the area. As part of a cooperative West Central B.C. Caribou Study, a caribou habitat mapping program was implemented in 1986. The project involved staff from the Ministry of Forests and Lands (Prince Rupert and Prince George regions), Ministry of Environment and Parks (Victoria), and a consultant (Shearwater Ecological Services, Victoria). Funding was provided by the ministries and included a Section 88 arrangement with Westar Timber Ltd. (Vancouver).

In order to accurately map caribou habitat units, data were collected in three forms: 1) full and reconnaissance vegetation-soil-monomerion plots; 2) reconnaissance vegetation-soil plots; 3) polygon checks (recorded caribou habitat unit on preplotted polygons). Categories 1 and 2 totalled 107 samples; category 3 included 164 records.

Upon completion of fieldwork, pretyped polygons (on 1:50 000, black and white, aerial photos) were boxed and finalized, then plotted onto the 1:50 000 base maps. Symbols (box 2) are connotative of caribou habitat units and also indicate age classes of the primarily forested units.

Any questions regarding this project or requests for maps and/or data should be directed to Jim Pojar, Regional Ecologist, Ministry of Forests and Lands, Bag 9000, Smithers, B.C. V0J 2N0.

2. Map Symbols

- Boundary of biogeoclimatic subzone/variant
 - Boundary of caribou habitat unit
 - DEV Developed
 - SBSa2 Biogeoclimatic subzone and variant
 - LM(112) Age class Phase (see box 3) Caribou habitat unit (see box 3)
 - Composite Symbols
 - Habitat units are approximately equal.
 - First unit is dominant over second (no implied).
 - Examples: M3 / SF4 Moss age class 3 = Seepage Forest age class 4. DL5 // FW Dry Lichen age class 5 dominant, Forested Wetland subdominant.
- Age Classes
- 1 < 10 years
 - 2 11 to 40 years
 - 3 41 to 80 years
 - 4 81 to 120 years
 - 5 > 120 years

4. Biogeoclimatic Subzones / Variants

SYMBOL	SUBZONE/VARIANT NAME	DESCRIPTION
SBSa2	Very Dry, Cold, Southern Sub-Boreal Spruce Subzone, Entiaiko River Variant	Occurring between 900m and 1300m throughout the study area, except on the flanks of the Fawcett Mountains where the upper limit is 1200m. Poorly developed shrub and herb layers. <i>Sherardia canadensis</i> is usually abundant; <i>Vaccinium membranaceum</i> is rare. Moss layer is usually prominent; ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.
SBSa	Dry, Cool, Central Sub-Boreal Spruce Subzone	Occurring above 900m primarily north of Matsuk/Tetchuck Lake, except for a narrow belt on the south side of the lakes. Trembling aspen is relatively common. Shrub layers poorly developed but herb and moss layers are typically well-developed.

5. Credits

Project Coordinators: Allen Banner and Jim Pojar (MOFL, Smithers).
Field Work: Allen Banner, Doug Holmes, and Jim Pojar (MOFL, Smithers), Chris Clement (Shearwater Ecological Services, Victoria), Brian Fuhr (MOFL, Victoria), Karen Price (Smithers), Andy Mackinnon (MOFL, Prince George).
Data Compilation: Karen Price (Smithers).
Habitat Unit Mapping: Chris Clement (Shearwater Ecological Services).
Polygon Plotting: Linda Dobbin (MOFL, Victoria).
Drafting: Chris Clement (Shearwater Ecological Services).
Legend Description: Chris Clement (Shearwater Ecological Services).
Legend Mockup: Lyle Ottenbreit (Vision-L Graphics, Victoria).

3. Description of Caribou Habitat Units

HABITAT UNIT	SYMBOL	SITE FEATURES	ASSOCIATED VEGETATION	CARIBOU HABITAT IMPORTANCE
DL5	Dry Lichen	Well developed mosses and lichens; mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface; very dry to dry.	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Good caribou cover. Mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface. Very dry to dry.
LM	Lichen - Moss	Well developed mosses and lichens; mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface; very dry to dry.	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Good caribou cover. Mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface. Very dry to dry.
M3	Moss	Well developed mosses and lichens; mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface; very dry to dry.	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Good caribou cover. Mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface. Very dry to dry.
SF4	Seepage Forest	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Good caribou cover. Mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface. Very dry to dry.
FW	Forested Wetlands	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Good caribou cover. Mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface. Very dry to dry.
W	Wetlands	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Open stands of lodgepole pine with scattered white spruce, aspen, and birch. Shrub layers are poorly developed. Mosses and lichens are abundant. Ground lichens may reach abundant levels on dry sites.	Good caribou cover. Mosses and lichens cover 80-90% of the ground surface. Very dry to dry.

93 F/5

93 F/5