



Use and Limitations of Floodplain Maps

- Users must note the dates of base mapping, aerial photography, river surveys and issue of mapping relevant to dates of development in the map area. Subsequent developments or changes within the floodplain or channel (natural or constructed) will affect flood levels and render site-specific map information obsolete.
- Floodplain maps are administrative tools which depict minimum flood elevations and floodplain boundaries. Flooding may occur outside of the designated floodplain boundary.
- Floodplain maps do not provide information on site-specific flood hazards such as, land erosion or high water velocity, sudden shifts in the channel of the watercourse, or alluvial and debris flow fan areas.
- Other sources of water, roads, railways or other barriers can restrict water flow and affect local flood levels. As well, structures such as ice and debris, flooding in surrounding areas, channel deposition, groundwater or other phenomena can cause flood levels to exceed those indicated on the map. Land adjacent to a floodplain may be subject to flooding from tributary watercourses.
- Floodplain maps do not indicate or locate legal survey boundaries. A site survey is required to reconcile property location, ground elevations, and designated flood level information.
- The accuracy of the location of a floodplain boundary as shown on this map is limited by the base topography. It is generally assumed to be plus or minus one-half the increment of the ground contours.
- Professional assistance and detailed engineering analysis are required to address any of the above considerations.

NOTES		FLOODPLAIN DATA	LEGEND	KEY MAP	REVISIONS	ORTHOPHOTO MAPPING		FILE No.	
Produced by British Columbia Water Management Branch, Floodplain Mapping Program.	Survey:	a) Floodplain limits and flood profiles computed using a standard step method modelling technique. b) Floodplain limits shown assume the absence of all dykes. c) Horizontal control based on provincial network. d) Vertical control based on Geodetic Survey of Canada (1968) (● indicates Survey Monument). e) Base map provided by Map Production Division, Surveys and Mapping Branch. f) Contour interval = 1 metre and greater; spot elevations shown to 0.1 metres, with accuracy to 0.3 metres, except as noted. g) Grid origin referred to U.T.M. Projection, Zones 10 (1975) Final Floodplain Mapping produced by Planning Subsection, Water Management Branch.	200 Year Floodplain Limit Flood levels in metres above G.S.C. Datum 350.0 1:200 Year Frequency 349.5 1:20 Year Frequency (freeboard included)		No. DESCRIPTION DATE	Monument Data Added June 1988	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY Oct. 1974 & July 1975	Province of British Columbia Ministry of Environment Water Management Branch	0305030-29
Mapping:	Field survey done by Planning and Surveys Section, Water Management Branch.				MAPPING INFORMATION CHECKED LS				
					FLOODPLAIN MAPPING CHECKED RWN				
					ISSUE OF MAPPING DATE DECEMBER, 1982				
					Recommended: Section Head: <i>B. Watts</i>	Approved: Deputy Minister: <i>J. Turner</i>		SCALE 1:5000 DRAWING No. A5302-39 SHEET 39 of 48	