

The floodplain areas depicted on this map were determined by the Province of British Columbia under its floodplain mapping program and have been designated by the Minister of the Environment to Canada and the Minister of Environment and Parks for British Columbia, pursuant to the Canada-British Columbia Agreement Respecting Floodplain Mapping.

Flooding may still occur outside of the designated floodplain areas. The Ministers do not assume any liability by reason of the designation or the failure to designate areas on this map.

FLOODWAY: The channel of the floodcourse and those portions of the floodplain which are reasonably required to discharge the flow of a designated flood. A minimum required floodway shall be equal to the width of the channel within the natural boundary plus minimum setback of 30 metres from the natural boundary on each side of the channel unless otherwise approved by Kristians Columbia.



Use and Limitations of Floodplain Maps

- Users must note the uses of base mapping: aerial photography, river surveys and issues of mapping relevant to dates of development in the map area. Subsequent developments or changes within the floodplain or channel (natural or constructed) will affect flood levels and render site-specific map information obsolete.
- Floodplain maps are administrative tools which depict minimum flood elevations and floodplain boundaries. Flooding may occur outside of the designated floodplain boundary.
- Floodplain maps do not provide information on site-specific flood hazards such as, land erosion or high water velocity, sudden shifts in the channel of the watercourse, or alluvial and debris flow fan areas.
- Other sources of water, roads, railways or other barriers can restrict water flow and affect local flood levels. As well, obstructions such as ice and debris, flooding in surrounding areas, channel deposition, groundwater or other phenomena can cause flood levels to exceed those indicated on the map. Land adjacent to a floodplain may be subject to flooding from tributary watercourses.
- Floodplain maps do not indicate or locate legal survey boundaries. A site survey is required to reconcile property location, ground elevations, and designated flood level information.
- The accuracy of the location of a floodplain boundary as shown on this map is limited by the base topography. It is generally assumed to be plus or minus one-half the increment of the ground contours.
- Professional assistance and detailed engineering analysis are required to address any of the above considerations.

NOTE: 1976 Airphotos do not show new highway bridge constructed over the Salmon River near the confluence with the White River. Flood level calculations utilized highway and bridge data as constructed.

Note: Problems related to channel avulsion, bank erosion, sediment deposition and/or debris jamming have been recorded in many areas of the Salmon River valley.

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